



CLEARANCE PROCEDURES FOR YACHTS AND PLEASURE CRAFT

The Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) is responsible for ensuring unwanted pests, diseases and other organisms are prevented from entering New Zealand.

Once inside New Zealand waters (12 nautical miles from the coast) please ensure all rubbish is contained in closed leak-proof containers or sealed in strong plastic bags. A biosecurity inspector will direct the disposal of all your rubbish on arrival. You must arrive at one of New Zealand's approved places of first arrival, where a biosecurity inspector will inspect and clear your vessel and passengers for entry into New Zealand.

The main entry ports are:

- » Opuā, Northland
- » Marsden Point (the Marsden Cove Marina), Northland;
- » Auckland – the quarantine wharf in port or super yachts can arrive at The Viaduct
- » Bridge Marina, Tauranga.

You can also arrive at the following ports, however first call the local port radio to be directed to approved berth.

- » Wellington
- » Lyttelton
- » Picton (Port Marlborough)
- » Timaru (Prime Port)
- » Nelson Port
- » Bluff (South Port).

DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED AT FIRST PLACE OF ARRIVAL

• Border Passenger Arrival Card

Every person entering New Zealand must complete a personal declaration. Any quarantine risk item must be declared.

• Master's Declaration

The vessel Master must complete a declaration of all risk items aboard that are either restricted or prohibited (see highlighted box opposite).

If you surrender all prohibited goods (or have them treated if an option) you will receive a full biosecurity clearance to cruise New Zealand waters.

If this option is not taken, the vessel will remain at the designated berth under biosecurity control.

**UNDER THE BIOSECURITY ACT 1993,
SMUGGLING ATTRACTS HEAVY PENALTIES**

Risk items that are either restricted or prohibited entry may include:

- » **FOODSTUFFS** including meat, fruit, vegetables, eggs, dairy products, honey and stored products. Note: It is very important that any uneaten fruit is sealed in closed containers or plastic bags ready for disposal on arrival. New Zealand has had four incursions of the Queensland fruit fly in the past three years and fruit is the main means of entry for this significant horticultural pest.
- » **RUBBISH** – particularly food waste.
- » **PLANTS** – no plants or parts of plants may be landed in New Zealand.
- » **CITES** (endangered species items), e.g. clam and conch shells, coral, turtle shells and ivory.
- » **LIVE ANIMALS** – in general no animals will be permitted to come ashore in New Zealand or to remain aboard a vessel in New Zealand territorial waters. Some exemptions may be granted for keeping an animal on board where prior application has been made to MPI and the person in charge has agreed to comply with conditions set. There are specific import conditions for dogs and cats. These include measures to be taken against rabies between 7 and 12 months prior to arrival. Non-compliant dogs and cats will have to be secured at anchor. Application to bring in animals should be made to MPI well in advance.
Full information on risk and prohibited goods and travelling with animals is on the biosecurity website.
- » **HITCHHIKERS** – Any known contamination with hitchhiker organisms (termites, ants, moth egg masses, spiders, mosquito larvae, hull biofouling).

Please note this list is by no means exhaustive. For further information on entry requirements visit the website below:

[www.biosecurity.govt.nz/
enter/ships/yachts](http://www.biosecurity.govt.nz/enter/ships/yachts)

